HYDRONIC M Technical description, installation, operation and maintenance instructions.



Heater

Hydronic 10 – 12 volt Hydronic 10 – 24 volt Order no.

25 2160 05 00 00 25 2161 05 00 00

Water heater for diesel, operating independently of the engine.





1 Introduction

Contents

Chapter	Title	Contents	Page
1	Introduction	Contents Concept of this manual Special text structure, presentation and picture symbols Important information before starting work Statutory regulations. Safety instructions for installation and operation Accident prevention	
2	Product information	Scope of supply Technical data Main dimensions	8, 9 10 11
3	Installation	 Installation location Installing the 24 V heater in a vehicle for the transport of dangerous goods as per ADR / ADR 99 Possible installation positions. Mounting and fastening Nameplate	
4	Operation and function	Operating instructions Initial commissioning Important information for operation Description of functions Control and safety devices / EMERGENCY OFF	
5	Electrical system	Heater wiring Parts list for circuit diagram, heater and cable harness - 12 volt / 24 volt / ADR Circuit diagrams	28
6	Troubleshooting Maintenance Service	In case of faults, please check the following points Troubleshooting Maintenance instructions Service.	
7	Environment	Certification Disposal EU Declaration of Conformity	
8	List	List of abbreviations	



Introduction

Concept of this manual

This manual aims to support the service company installing the heater and to provide the user with all important information about the heater.

The manual has been divided into 8 chapters to make it easier to find the corresponding information quickly.



Introduction

Here you will find important introductory information about installation of the heater and about the structure of the manual.



Product information

Here you will find information about the scope of supply, the technical data and the dimensions of the heater.



Installation

Here you will find important information and instructions referring to installation of the heater.

4

Operation and function

Here you will find information about the operation and function of the heater.

5

Electric system

Here you will find information about the electronic system and electronic components of the heater.



Troubleshooting / maintenance / service Here you will find information on possible faults, maintenance and technical support.

1

Environment

Here you will find information about certification and disposal of the heater together with the EU Declaration of Conformity.

List

Here you will find the list of abbreviations.

Special text structure, presentation and picture symbols

This manual uses special text structures and picture symbols to emphasise different contents. Please refer to the examples below for the corresponding meanings and associated actions.

Special structure and presentations

A dot (\bullet) indicates a list which is started by a heading. If an indented dash (–) follows a dot, this list is subordinate to the dot.

Picture symbols

§

Regulation!

This picture symbol with the remark "Regulation" refers to a statutory regulation. Failure to comply with this regulation results in expiry of the type permit for the heater and preclusion of any guarantee and liability claims on Eberspächer Climate Control Systems GmbH & Co. KG.

Danger!

This picture symbol with the remark "Danger!" refers to the risk of a fatal danger to life and limb. Under certain circumstances, failure to comply with these instructions can result in severe or life-threatening injuries.

Caution!

This picture symbol with the remark "Caution!" refers to a dangerous situation for a person and/or the product.

Failure to comply with these instructions can result in injuries to people and / or damage to machinery.

Please note!

These remarks contain application recommendations and useful tips for installation of the heater.

Important information before starting work

Range of application of the heater

The water heater operating independently of an engine is intended for installation in the following vehicles, depending on its heating output:

- Vehicles of all kinds
- Construction machinery
- Agricultural machinery
- Boats, ships and yachts

Please note!

Installation of the heater is permitted in vehicles used for the transport of dangerous goods as per ADR.

Purpose of the heater (using the vehicle heat exchanger)

- Pre-heating, de-misting windows
- Heating and keeping the following warm:
 - Driver and working cabs
 - Freight compartments
 - Ship's cabins
 - Passenger and crew compartments
 - Vehicle engines and units

On account of its functional purpose, the heater is **not** permitted for the following applications:

- Long-term continuous operation, e.g. for pre-heating and heating of:
 - Residential rooms
 - Garages
 - Work huts, weekend homes and hunting huts
 - Houseboats, etc.

Caution! Safety instructions for application and proper purpose

 The heater must only be used and operated for the range of application stated by the manufacturer in compliance with the "Operating instructions" included with every heater.



Introduction



Statutory regulations

The Federal Road Transport Directorate has issued an "EC type approval" and an "EMC type approval" for the heater for installation in motor vehicles and with the following official type approval marks, noted on the heater name plate.

Hydronic M EG-e1 00 0027

EMV- e1 031066

S Regulation!

Directive 2001 / 56 / EU of the European Parliament and the Council

Arrangement of the heater

- Parts of the structure and other components near the heater must be protected from excess heat exposure and possible contamination from fuel or oil.
- The heater must not pose a fire hazard even when it overheats.
 This requirement is deemed to be fulfilled when adequate clearance to all parts is observed during installation, sufficient ventilation is provided and fire-proof materials or heat plates are used.
- The heater must not be located in the passenger compartment in vehicles of class $M_{\rm 1}, M_{\rm 2}, M_{\rm 3}$ and N. A unit may however be used in a hermetically sealed housing which also corresponds to the conditions stated above.
- The factory nameplate or duplicate must be affixed so that it can still be easily read when the heater is installed in the vehicle.
- All appropriate precautions must be taken when arranging the heater to minimise the risk of injuries to persons or damage to other property.

· Fuel supply

- The fuel intake connection must not be located in the passenger compartment and must be sealed with a properly closing lid to prevent any fuel leaks.
- In heaters for liquid fuel where the heater fuel is separate from the vehicle fuel, the type of fuel and intake connection must be clearly identified.
- A warning sign is to be fixed to the intake connection indicating that the heater must be switched off before refuelling.

· Exhaust system

 The exhaust outlet must be arranged so as to prevent any penetration of exhaust fumes into the vehicle interior through the ventilation system, warm air intakes or open windows.

· Combustion air intake

- The air for the heater combustion chamber must not be sucked in from the passenger compartment of the vehicle.
- The air intake must be arranged or protected in such a way that it cannot be blocked by other objects.

· Operating status display

 A clearly visible operating display in the user's field of vision must indicate when the heater is switched on and off.

Begulation! Mounting the heater in a vehicle for the transport of dangerous goods as per ADR

 When the heater is to be installed in vehicles for the transport of dangerous goods, the regulations of ADR must also be observed. §

Regulations Additional regulations for certain vehicles named in Directive 94 / 55 / EC (ADR Framework Directive)

Scope

This appendix applies to vehicles for which the special provisions of Directive 94 / 55 / EC apply to combustion heaters and their installation.

Definition of terms used

For the purposes of this appendix, the vehicle designations <code>,EX / II</code>, <code>,EX / III</code>, <code>,AT</code>, <code>,FL</code> and <code>,OX</code> according to Chapter 9.1 of Annex B of Directive 94 / 55 / EC are used.

Technical regulations

General provisions (EX / II, EX / III, AT, FL and OX vehicles)

Avoid heating and ignition

The combustion heaters and their exhaust gas routing shall be designed, located, protected or covered so as to prevent any unacceptable risk of heating or ignition of the load. This requirement shall be considered as fulfilled if the fuel tank and the exhaust system of the appliance conform to provisions in 3.1.1.1 and 3.1.1.2. Compliance with these regulations shall be checked in the complete vehicle.

Fuel tanks

Fuel tanks for supplying the heater shall conform to the following regulations:

- In the event of any leakage, the fuel shall drain to the ground without coming into contact with hot parts of the vehicle or the load;
- fuel tanks containing petrol shall be equipped with an effective flame trap at the filler opening or with a closure enabling the opening to be kept hermetically sealed.

Exhaust system and exhaust pipe layout

The exhaust system as well as the exhaust pipes shall laid out or protected to avoid any danger to the load through heating or ignition. Parts of the exhaust system situated directly below the fuel tank (diesel) shall have a clearance of at least 100 mm or be protected by a thermal shield.

Switching on the combustion heater

The combustion heater may only be switched on manually. Automatic switching on via a programmable switch is not permitted.

EX / II and EX / III vehicles

Combustion heaters for gaseous fuels are not permitted.

FL vehicles

Combustion heaters must be able to be taken out of service/disabled at least by the methods described in the following:

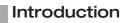
- a) Switching off manually in the driver's cabin
- b) Switching off the vehicle's engine; in this case the heater may be manually switched back on by the vehicle driver;
- c) Starting up of a feed pump installed in the vehicle for the dangerous goods carried.

Combustion heater after-run

After-running of the switched off combustion heater is permitted. In the cases named in the "FL vehicles" paragraph under letters b) and c) the supply of combustion air must be interrupted by suitable means after a maximum after-run period of 40 seconds. Only combustion heaters whose heat exchangers are verifiably not damaged by the reduced after-run period of 40 seconds beyond their usual use period may be used.

Please note!

- Compliance with the statutory regulations, the additional regulations and safety instructions is prerequisite for guarantee and liability claims.
 Failure to comply with the statutory regulations and safety instructions and incorrect repairs even when using original spare parts make the guarantee null and void and preclude any liability for Eberspächer Climate Control Systems GmbH & Co. KG.
- Subsequent installation of this heater must comply with these installation instructions.
- The statutory regulations are binding and must also be observed in countries which do not have any special regulations.
- When the heater is to be installed in vehicles not subject to the German Ordinance for the Registration of Motor Vehicles (StVZO), for example ships, the specially valid regulations and installation instructions for these special applications must be observed.
- Installation of the heater in special vehicles must comply with the regulations applying to such vehicles.
- Other installation requirements are contained in the corresponding sections of this manual.



Safety instructions for installation and operation

Danger! Risk of injury, fire and poisoning

- Disconnect the vehicle battery before starting any kind of work.
- Before working on the heater, switch the heater off and let all hot components cool down.
- The heater must not be operated in enclosed rooms, e.g. in the garage or multi-storey car park.

Caution! Safety instructions for installation and operation

- The heater must only be installed by a JE partner authorised by the manufacturer according to the instructions in this manual and possibly according to special installation recommendations; the same applies to any repairs to be carried out in the case or repairs or guarantee claims.
- Repairs by non-authorised third-parties or with not original spare parts are dangerous and therefore not allowed. They result in expiry of the type permit of the heater; consequently, when installed in motor vehicles they can cause expiry of the vehicle operating licence.
- The following measures are not allowed: - Changes to components relevant to the heater.
 - Use of third-party components not approved by Eberspächer Climate Control Systems GmbH & Co. KG.
 - Nonconformities in installation or operation from the statutory regulations, safety instructions or specifications relevant to safe operation as stated in the installation instructions and operating instructions. This applies in particular to the electrical wiring, fuel supply, combustion air system and exhaust system.
- Only original accessories and original spare parts must be used during installation or repairs.
- Only original accessories and spare parts may be used for installation or repairs.
- Only the controls approved by Eberspächer may be used to operate the heater.
 The use of other controls can result in malfunctions.

- Before the heater is installed again in another vehicle, rinse the heater parts carrying water with clear water.
- When carrying out electric welding on the vehicle, the plus pole cable at the battery should be disconnected and placed at ground to protect the controller.
- The heater must not be operated where there is a risk of an accumulation of flammable vapours or dust, for example close to
 - fuel depot
 - coal depot
 - wood depot
 - grain depots etc.
- The heater must be switched off when refuelling.
- When the heater is mounted in a safety housing etc., the installation compartment of the heater is not a stowage compartment and must be kept clear. In particular fuel canisters, oil cans, spray cans, gas cartridges, fire extinguishers, cleaning rags, items of clothing, paper etc. must not be stored or transported on or next to the heater.
- Defect fuses must only be replaced by fuses with the prescribed rating.
- If fuel leaks from the heater fuel system, arrange for the damage to be repaired immediately by a JE service partner.
- When topping up the coolant, only use the coolant permitted by the vehicle manufacturer, see the vehicle operating manual. Any blending with unpermitted coolant can cause damage to the engine and heater.
- After-running of the heater must not be interrupted prematurely e.g. by pressing the battery disconnecting switch, apart from in the case of an emergency stop.

Accident prevention

General accident prevention regulations and the corresponding workshop and operation safety instructions are to be observed.

2 Product information

Scope of supply

Quan	tity / Designation	Order number			
1	Hydronic M D 10 W – 12 volt	25 2160 05 00 00			
To be 1 1	ordered separately: Universal installation kit Control unit*	25 2160 80 00 00 -			
1	Hydronic M D 10 W – 24 volt	25 2161 05 00 00			
To be 1 1	ordered separately: Universal installation kit Control unit*	25 2160 80 00 00 -			
* Control units see price list / accessories catalogue.					

Parts list for the picture "Scope of supply" on page 9

Scope of supply for heater

Picture-No.	Designation
1	Heater
2	Dosing pump
3	Relay

Scope of supply for universal installation kit

Picture-No.	Designation		
4	Exhaust silencer		
5	Cable tree, heater		
6	Cable harness, plus		
7	Heater bracket		
8	Flexible exhaust pipe		
9	Cable ties (10 x)		
10	Pipe, Ø 4 x 1, 6 m long		
11	Hose, Ø 3,5 x 3, 10 cm long		
12	Pipe, Ø 6 x 1, 1,5 m long		
13	Hose, Ø 5 x 3, 50 cm long		
14	Intake silencer for cumbustion air		
15	Water hose		
16	Water hose		

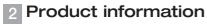
Cable harnesses

(A) Cable harness "Controls"

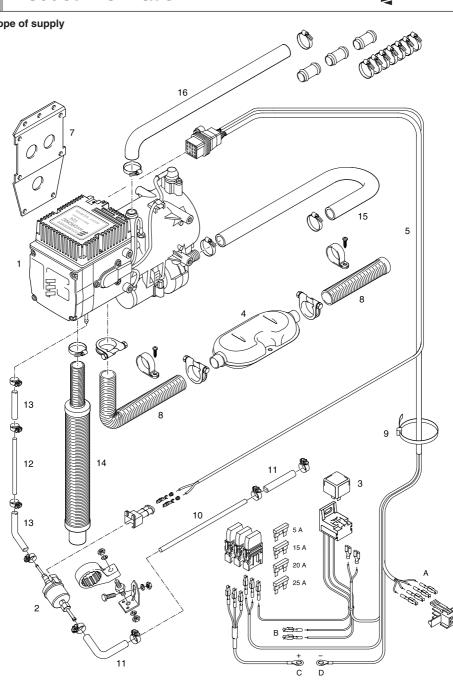
- (B) Cable harness "Fan control"
- (C) Plus cable
- (D) Minus cable

Please note!

- Parts without picture number are small parts and packed in a bag.
- Please consult the additional parts catalogue if any other parts are required for installation.



Scope of supply



2 Product information

Technical data

Heater type		Hydronic M				
Heater		Hydronic 10				
Version			D	10 W		
Heating medium			Cooling fluid			
Control of the heat flow	,	Power	Large	Medium	Small	
Heat flow (watt)		9500	7200	3200	1500	
Fuel consumption (I/h)		1.2	0.9	0.4	0.18	
Electr. power (watt))	in operation – 12 volt	125	80	48	36	
	in operation – 24 volt	115	73	45	33	
	at start – 12 volt		-	139		
	at start – 24 volt		-	137		
in	the control phase "OFF"		24			
Rated voltage		12	12 volt 24 volt		olt	
Operating range • Lower voltage limit: An undervoltage protection in the controller switches the heater off on reaching the voltage limit.		10,5 volt 20 volt		olt		
Upper voltage limit: An overvoltage protection in the controller switches the heater off on reaching the voltage limit.			15 Volt		30 Volt	
Tolerable operating pre-	ssure	up to 2 bar overpressure				
Flow rate of the water p	oump at 0.14 bar		1400 l/h			
Minimum water flow rat	e of the heater		500 l/h			
Fuel – see also "Fuel quality diesel heaters" page 25		Commercially available diesel (DIN EN 590)				
Tolerable operating temperaturer Operation		−40 °C to +80 °C				
	Storage		–40 °C	to +85 °C		
Interference suppression class		3 for VHF, 4 for SW, 5 for MW/LW				
Weight with controller and water pump, without dosing pump			approx. 6.5 kg			



Failure to comply with the technical data can result in malfunctions.



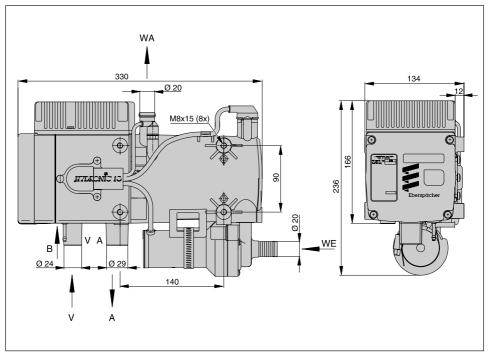
Provided no limit values are given, the technical data listed is subject to the tolerances usually applicable to heaters of $\pm 10\%$ for nominal voltage, ambient temperature 20 °C and reference altitude Esslingen.



Product information



Main dimensions



- А Exhaust
- В Fuel
- V Combustion air
- Water outlet WA WE Water inlet

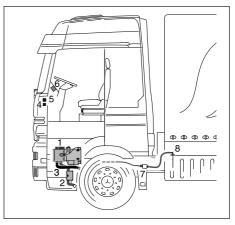
Installation location

The installation location for the heater is the engine compartment. The heater must be mounted below the min. cooling water level (compensation tank, cooler, vehicle heat exchanger) for automatic venting of the heat exchanger of the heater and the water pump.

Please note!

- In a truck, the water heater is preferably fastened underneath the driver's cab in the longitudinal beam near the vehicle engine.
- The regulations and safety instructions to be observed for this chapter are stated on page 4 – 7.
- The installation suggestions made in the installation instructions are examples. Other installation locations are possible if they correspond to the installation requirements stated in these installation instructions.
- Other installation information (e.g. for boats and ships) is available from the manufacturer on request.
- Please take note of the installation locations together with the operating and storage temperatures.

Installation example heater in a truck



- 1 Heater
- 2 Exhaust pipe with exhaust silencer
- 3 Combustion air intake silencer
- 4 Fan relay
- 5 Fuse bracket
- 6 Controls
- 7 Dosing pump
- 8 Tank connection

Installing the 24 V heater in a vehicle for the transport of dangerous goods as per ADR

For installation of the heater in vehicles for the transport of dangerous goods, the regulations of ADR / ADR99 must be observed.

If installed with the appropriate electrical wiring, the heater fulfils the ADR regulations, see circuit diagrams on page 34, 35 and 40.

Detailed information about the ADR regulations is contained in leaflet no. 25 2161 95 15 80.



Possible installation positions

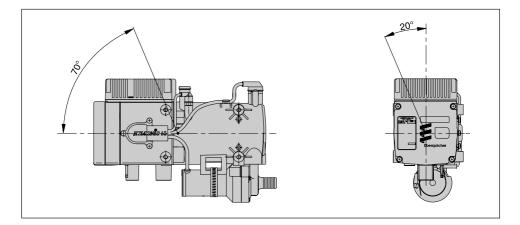
The heater should preferably be installed in the normal position, horizontal with the exhaust connection down to the bottom.

Depending on the installation conditions, the heater can also be mounted in the permitted swivel range, see diagram.

Normal position with permitted swivel range

 Swivel range from the normal position up to max.
 70° swivel upwards: the water connection from the heater points upwards. When the heater is operating, the shown normal or maximum installation positions can be varied briefly by up to $+15^{\circ}$ in all directions. Such deviations caused by the inclined position of the vehicle do not impair the heater functions in any way.

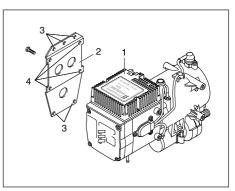
 Swivel range from the normal position to max. 20° swivel to the left around the longitudinal axis: the water connection from the heater points upwards.



Mounting and fastening

Fasten the heater bracket from the installation kit to the heater with 4 hexagonal screws M8 and 4 lock washers (torque $12^{+0.5}$ Nm).

Fasten the heater bracket together with the heater to a suitable place in the vehicle.



- 1 Heater
- 2 Heater bracket
- 3 Fastening points, bracket to vehicle
- 4 Fastening points, bracket to heater

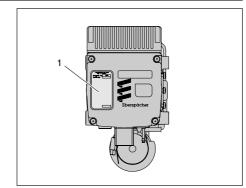
Nameplate

The nameplate is fastened to the front of the heater. The second nameplate (duplicate) is included in the scope of supply of the heater.

If required, the duplicate nameplate can be adhered in a clearly visible position on the heater or near to the heater.

Please note!

The regulations and safety instructions to be observed for this chapter are stated on page 5.



1 Nameplate



Connection to the cooling water circuit

The heater is connected to the cooling water circuit in the water feed pipe from the vehicle engine to the heat exchanger. There are three possible alternative installations here.

The alternatives are described on pages 16 - 18.

Danger! Risk of injuries and burns!

It is possible for the coolant and components of the coolant circuit to get very hot.

- Parts conveying water must be routed and fastened in such a way that they pose no temperature risk to man, animals or material sensitive to temperature from radiation / direct contact.
- Before working on the coolant circuit, switch the heater off and wait until all components have cooled down completely, if necessary where safety gloves.

Please note!

- When installing the heater, please take note of the direction of flow of the coolant circuit.
- Fill the heater and water hoses with coolant before connecting to the coolant circuit.
- Route the water hoses without any kinks, and in a rising position if possible.
- When routing the water pipes, observe a sufficient clearance to hot vehicle parts.
- Protect all water hoses / water pipes from chafing and from extreme temperatures.
- Secure all hose connections with hose clips.
- After the vehicle has been operating for 2 hours or travelled 100 km, tighten the hose clips again.
- The minimum water flow rate is only guaranteed if the temperature difference of the heating medium does not exceed 10 K between water inlet and water outlet during heating.
- Only overpressure valves with an opening pressure of min. 0.4 – max. 2 bar may be used in the coolant circuit.
- The coolant liquid must contain at least 10 % antifreeze all year round as corrosion protection.
- The cooling liquid must contain sufficient antifreeze for low temperatures.
- Before commissioning the heater or after changing the cooling liquid, the whole coolant circuit including heater must be vented free of bubbles according to the instructions issued by the vehicle manufacturer.
- Only top up with coolant approved by the vehicle manufacturer.

Connection to the cooling water circuit

Integrate the heater with non-return valve in the coolant circuit

Disconnect the water feed pipe from the vehicle engine to the vehicle heat exchanger and insert the non-return valve. Connect the heater with its water pipes to the non-return valve.

Advantage:

Simple installation.

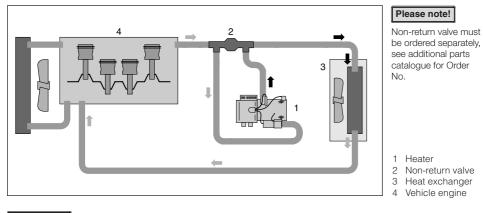
Disadvantage:

The coolant flows through the vehicle engine constantly so that in large vehicle engines, adequate cab heating is scarcely possible.

Heating characteristics:

When the heater is switched on, the heat flows through the vehicle heat exchanger and the vehicle engine.

Once the cooling water has reached a temperature of approx. 55 °C, depending on the selected fan setting the vehicle fan is switched on and the heat is also conveyed to the passenger compartment.



Please note!

Item (2) is not included in the scope of supply "installation kit". Order no. see extra parts catalogue.



Connection to the coolant circuit

Integrate the heater with non-return valve, thermostat and T-piece in the coolant circuit

Disconnect the water feed pipe from the vehicle engine to the vehicle heat exchanger and insert the non-return valve.

Disconnect the water return pipe from the heat exchanger to the vehicle engine and insert the T-piece.

Connect the heater and thermostat with water hoses to the non-return vale and T-piece as shown in the diagram.

Option:

In addition a solenoid can be fitted in the water circuit. When open, this bypasses the thermostat and pre-heats the engine as soon as the heater starts to work.

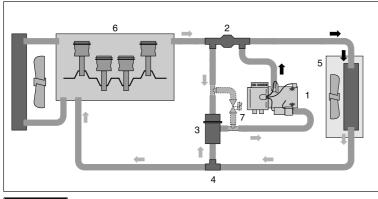
Heating characteristics

 Small coolant circuit: fast heating of the passenger compartment

Initially the heat produced by the heater is only conveyed to the vehicle heat exchanger up to a cooling water temperature of approx. 70 °C. The vehicle fan switches on at approx. 55 °C.

• Large cooling water circuit: heating of the passenger compartment and additional engine pre-heating

If the cooling water temperature continues to increase, the thermostat slowly changes over to the large circuit (full change-over at approx. 75 °C).



- 1 Heater
- 2 Non-return valve
- 3 Thermostat
- 4 T-piece
- 5 Heat exchanger
- 6 Vehicle engine
- 7 Solenoid (option)

Please note!

The thermostat, non-return valve and T-piece must be ordered separately, see additional parts catalogue for Order No.

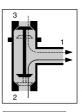
Thermostat functions

Small coolant circuit

Cooling water temperature < 70 °C: Connection no. 1: open to the heater Connection no. 2: open to the T-piece Connection no. 3: closed to the non-return valve

Large coolant circuit

Cooling water temperature > 75 °C: Connection no. 1: open to the heater Connection no. 2: closed to the T-piece Connection no. 3: open to the non-return valve



- 1 Connection to the heater
- 2 Connection to the T-piece
- 3 Connection to the non-return valve

Please note!

Integrate the thermostat into the water circuit with connections (1) (2) and (3) as shown in the diagram.

Connection to the coolant circuit

Integrate the heater with a solenoid in the coolant circuit

Disconnect the water feed pipe from the vehicle engine to the vehicle heat exchanger and insert the T-piece.

Disconnect the water return pipe from the heat exchanger to the vehicle engine and insert the solenoid.

Connect the heater and the solenoid to the T-piece with water pipes, as shown in the diagram.

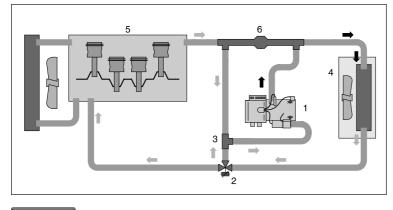
Option:

In addition a non-return valve can be integrated in the water circuit.

This prevents the loss of effective vehicle heating when the heater is switched off.

Heating characteristics

This alternative makes it possible to choose between a small or large coolant circuit, regardless of the temperature.



- Heater 1
- 2 Solenoid
- T-piece 3
- 4 Heat exchanger 5
 - Vehicle engine
- 6 Non-return valve (option)

Please note!

Items (2) (3) and (6) are not included in the scope of supply "Installation kit" Order no. see extra parts catalogue.



Exhaust system

(Exhaust diagram see page 20)

Mounting the exhaust system

The universal installation kit includes a flexible exhaust pipe, inner Ø 30 mm, 1300 mm long and an exhaust silencer.

The flexible exhaust pipe can be shortened to 20 cm or lengthened to max. 2 m, depending on the installation conditions.

Fasten the exhaust silencer to a suitable position in the vehicle.

Route the flexible exhaust pipe from the heater to the exhaust silencer and fasten with pipe clips.

If necessary, also fasten the flexible exhaust pipe with pipe clips at suitable positions in the vehicle.

Connect the exhaust end pipe to the exhaust silencer with an end sleeve and fasten with a pipe clip.



Risk of injuries and burns!

Every type of combustion produces high temperatures and toxic exhaust fumes. This is the reason why the exhaust system must be installed according to these instructions.

- Do not perform any work on the exhaust system while the heater is working.
- Before working on the exhaust system, first switch the heater off and wait until all parts have cooled down completely, wear safety gloves if necessary.
- Do not inhale exhaust fumes.



Safety instructions for the exhaust system!

- The exhaust outlet must end in the open air.
- The exhaust pipe must not protrude beyond the lateral limits of the vehicle.
- Install the exhaust pipe sloping slightly downwards. If necessary, make a drain hole approx. Ø 5 mm at the lowest point to drain off condensation.
- Important functional parts of the vehicle must not be impaired (keep sufficient clearance).
- Mount the exhaust pipe with sufficient clearance to heat-sensitive parts. Pay particular attention to fuel pipes (plastic or metal), electrical cables and brake hoses etc.!
- Exhaust pipes must be fastened safely (recommended clearance of 50 cm) to avoid damage from vibrations.
- Route the exhaust system so that the emitted fumes are not sucked in with the combustion air.
- The mouth of the exhaust pipe must not get clogged by dirt and snow.
- The mouth of the exhaust pipe must not point in the direction of travel.
- Always fasten the exhaust silencer to the vehicle.

Please note!

- Comply with the regulations and safety instructions for this chapter on page 4 – 7.
- The exhaust end pipe should be much shorter than the flexible exhaust pipe from the heater to the exhaust silencer.

Combustion air system

Mounting the combustion air system

The universal installation kit includes an intake silencer, inner Ø 25 mm for the combustion air,

If necessary the intake silencer can be lengthened with a flexible pipe, inner Ø 25 mm up to a length of max. 2 m.

When routing the intake silencer and flexible pipe, avoid narrow bends.

Fasten the intake silencer and where applicable the flexible pipe at suitable points in the vehicle using fastening clips and cable ties.

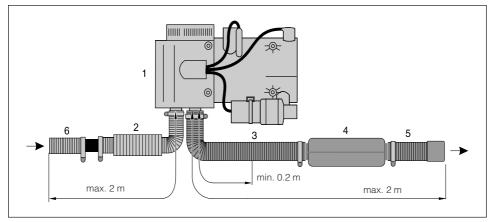
After completing all work, push an end sleeve over the intake silencer/flexible pipe.

Please note!

- Comply with the regulations and safety instructions for this chapter on page 4 7.
- Order no. flexible pipe see extra parts catalogue.

Caution! Safety instructions for the combustion air system!

- The combustion air opening must be free at all times.
- Position the combustion air intake to be sure that exhaust fumes cannot be sucked in with the combustion air.
- The combustion air intake must not get clogged with dirt and snow.
- Install the combustion air intake system sloping slightly downwards.
- If necessary, make a drain hole approx. Ø 5 mm at the lowest point to drain off condensation.



- 1 Heater
- 2 Intake silencer for the combustion air
- 3 Flexible exhaust pipe
- 4 Exhaust silencer
- 5 Flexible exhaust end pipe with end sleeve
- 6 Extension of the intake silencer with a flexible pipe, inner Ø 25 mm





Fuel supply

Mounting the dosing pump, routing the fuel pipes and mounting the fuel tank

The following safety instructions must be observed when mounting the dosing pump, routing the fuel pipes and mounting the fuel tank.

Deviations from the instructions stated here are not allowed.

Failure to comply can result in malfunctions.

Danger! Risk of fire, explosion, poisoning and injuries!

Caution when handling fuel.

- Switch off the vehicle engine and heater before refuelling and before working on the fuel supply.
- No naked lights when handling fuel.
- Do not smoke.
- Do not inhale fuel vapours.
- · Avoid any contact with the skin.

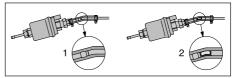
Caution! Safety instructions for routing the fuel pipes!

 Only use a sharp knife to cut off fuel hoses and pipes.
 Interfaces must not be crushed and must be free

of burrs.

- The fuel pipe from the dosing pump to the heater should be routed at a continuous rise.
- Fuel pipes must be fastened safely to avoid any damage and / or noise production from vibrations (recommended clearance of approx. 50 cm).
- Fuel pipes must be protected from any mechanical damage.

- Route the fuel pipes so that any distortion of the vehicle, engine movements etc. cannot have any lasting effect on the service life.
- Parts carrying fuel must be protected from interfering heat.
- Never route or fasten the fuel pipes to the heater or vehicle exhaust system. When the systems cross, always ensure there is a sufficient heat clearance. If necessary, install heat deflection plates.
- Dripping or evaporating fuel must never be allowed to collect on hot parts or ignite on electric systems.
- When connecting fuel pipes with a fuel hose, always mount the fuel pipes in a butt joint to prevent any bubbles from forming.



- 1 Correct connection
- 2 Incorrect connection bubble formation

Safety instructions for fuel pipes and fuel tanks in buses and coaches

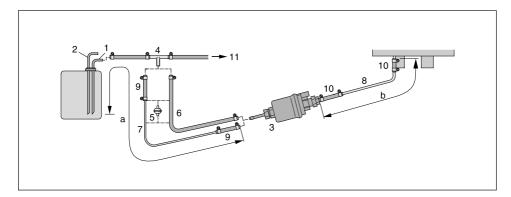
- In buses and coaches, fuel pipes and fuel tanks must not be routed through the passenger compartment or driver's cab.
- Fuel tanks in buses and coaches must be positioned in such a way that the exits are not in direct danger from a possible fire.

Please note!

Comply with the regulations and safety instructions for this chapter on page 4 - 7.

Fuel supply

Fuel feed point with T-piece from the fuel supply line from the tank fitting to the vehicle engine



- Fuel feed pipe from tank connection insert T-piece before the fuel pump in the fuel feed pipe.
- 2 Fuel return pipe to the tank connection
- 3 Dosing pump
- 4 T-piece
- 5 Fuel filter only necessary for contaminated fuel.
- 6 Fuel hose, 5 x 3 (di = Ø 5 mm)
- 7 Fuel pipe, 6 x 1 (di = Ø 4 mm)
- 8 Fuel pipe, 4 x 1 (di = Ø 2 mm)
- 9 Fuel hose, 5 x 3 (di = Ø 5 mm), approx. 50 mm long
- 10 Fuel hose, 3.5 x 3 (di = Ø 3.5 mm), approx. 50 mm long

Installation position of the T-piece

when inserting a T-piece.

11 To the engine, mechanical fuel or injection pump.

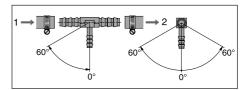
Use the installation positions shown in the diagram

Possible pipe lengths

Intake side a = max. 2 m Pressure side b = min. 1.5 m - max. 6 m

Please note!

Items (4) and (5) are not included in the scope of supply "installation kit". Order no. see extra parts catalogue.

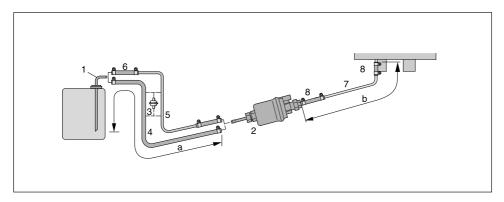


- 1 Direction of flow from the fuel tank
- 2 Direction of flow to the vehicle engine



Fuel supply

Fuel feed point with tank connection – ascending pipe, integrated in the vehicle tank



- Tank connection for metal tank di = Ø 4 mm, da = Ø 6 mm
- 2 Dosing pump
- 3 Fuel filter only required for contaminated fuel.
- 4 Fuel hose, 5 x 3 (di = Ø5 mm)
- 5 Fuel pipe, 6 x 1 (di = Ø 4 mm)
- 6 Fuel hose, 5 x 3 (di = Ø 5 mm), approx. 50 mm long
- 7 Fuel pipe, 4 x 1 (di = Ø 2 mm)
- 8 Fuel hose, 3.5 x 3 (di = Ø 3.5 mm), approx. 50 mm long

Possible pipe lengths

Intake side a = max. 2 m Pressure side b = min. 1.5 m - max. 6 m

Please note!

Items (1) and (3) are not included in the scope of supply "installation kit". Order no. see extra parts catalogue.

Caution! Safety instructions for the fuel supply!

- The fuel must not be conveyed by gravity or overpressure in the fuel tank.
- Withdrawal of fuel after the vehicle's fuel pump is not allowed.
- When the pressure in the fuel pipe is more than 0.2 bar or there is a non-return valve in the return pipe (in the tank), a separate tank connection must be used.
- When using a T-piece in a plastic pipe, always use support sleeves in the plastic. Connect the T-piece and the plastic pipe with corresponding fuel hoses and secure with hose clips.

Fuel supply

Installation position of the dosing pump

Always mount the dosing pump with the pressure side rising upwards. Every installation position over 15° is allowed, although an installation position between 15° and 35° is preferable.

Possible intake and pressure height of the dosing pump

Pressure height from vehicle tank to dosing pump: a = max. 1000 mm

Intake height for non-pressurised vehicle tank: b = max. 750 mm

Intake height for a vehicle tank with withdrawal by negative pressure (valve with 0.03 bar in the tank lid): b = max. 400 mm

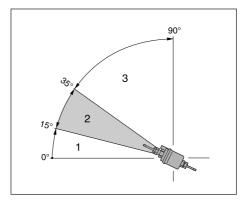
Pressure height from the dosing pump to the heater: c = max. 2000 mm

Please note!

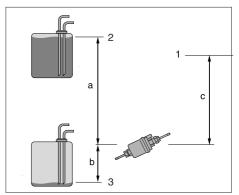
Check tank venting.



- Always mount the dosing pump with the pressure side rising upwards minimum incline 15°.
- Protect the dosing pump and filter from intolerable heat, do not mount near to the silencers and exhaust pipes.



- Installation position between 0° and 15° is not allowed.
- 2 Preferred installation position in range 15° to 35°.
- 3 Installation position in range 35° to 90° is allowed.



- 1 Connection to heater
- 2 Max. fuel level
- 3 Min. fuel level



Fuel supply

Fuel quality

The heater can run on commercially available diesel fuel as per DIN EN 590 as used in the vehicle tank.

Fuel for special cases

In special cases (above 0 °C), the heater can also run on fuel oil EL or paraffin.

Fuel for low temperatures

Refineries and fuel service stations automatically adjust the fuel to normal winter temperatures (winter diesel). This means that difficulties are only to be expected for extreme drops in temperature, as also apply to the vehicle engine. Please also refer to the vehicle manual.

If the heater is run from a separate tank, please comply with the following rules:

For temperatures above 0 $^{\circ}\text{C},$ any kind of diesel fuel as per DIN EN 590 can be used.

If no special diesel fuel is available for low temperatures, then paraffin or petrol should be mixed with the fuel according to the following table:

Temperature	Winterdiesel	Addition
0 °C to –25 °C	100 %	-
–25 °C to –40 °C	50 %*	50 % paraffin
		or petrol

* or 100 % special cold diesel fuel (Arctic diesel).



- Mixtures with used oil are not allowed!
- After refuelling with winter or cold diesel or the listed blends, the fuel pipes and the dosing pump must be filled with the new fuel by letting the heater run for 15 mins.!

Operation with biodiesel (PME)

The heater is not certified for operation with biodiesel.

4 Operation and function

Operating instructions

The heater is operated by a control unit. The control unit is accompanied by detailed operating instructions which you will receive from the company installing the heater.

Initial commissioning

The following points are to be checked by the company installing the heater during initial commissioning.

- After installation of the heater, the coolant circuit and the whole fuel supply system must be vented carefully. Comply with the instructions issued by the vehicle manufacturer.
- Open the coolant circuit before the trial run (set the temperature control to "WARM").
- During the trial run of the heater, check all water and fuel connections for leaks and firm fitting.
- If the heater shows a fault during operation, find and eliminate the cause of the fault using a diagnosis unit.

Important instructions for operation

Safety checks before the start

After a longer interval in operations (after the summer months) the fuse must be put in position and / or the heater connected up to the battery. Check that all parts fit firmly (tighten screws where necessary). Check the fuel system visually for any leaks.

Before switching on

Before switching on or pre-programming the heater, adjust the heating control in the vehicle to "WARM" (maximum setting) and the fan to "SLOW" (low power consumption).

In vehicles with automatic heating, adjust the heating control to "MAX" and open the heating vents before switching the ignition off.

Heating at high altitudes

When using the heater at high altitudes, please note:

- Heating at altitudes up to 1500 m: – Unlimited heating possible.
- Heating at altitudes over 1500 mm:
 - Heating is possible for short periods at this altitude (e.g. driving over a mountain pass or taking a break in a journey).
 - Heating is not possible for longer periods at this altitude (e.g. winter camping).

Description of functions

Switching on

When the heater is switched on, the control lamp in the control unit (mini-timer, module timer) lights up. The water pump and the combustion air fan start up. After a certain programme with pre-rinsing and pre-heating, the glow plug and fuel dosing pump start the combustion procedure. Once a stable flame has formed, the glow plug switches off under time control.

Heating

When starting for the first time, the heater runs at the "POWER" stage until

 the water temperature passes the change-over limit for "POWER" / "LARGE"

or

• the max. operating time of 2 hours for this stage is exceeded.

The heater than adjusts output in the stages "LARGE – MEDIUM – SMALL – OFF" depending on heating requirements.

If heating requirements in the "SMALL" stage are so low that the cooling water reaches a temperature of 85 °C, the heater adjusts from "SMALL" to "OFF". The heater runs on for 210 seconds. The water pump continues to run until the heater starts up again. Once the cooling water has cooled down to approx. 70 °C, the heater starts up again in the "MEDIUM" stage.

Once the cooling water reaches a temperature of approx. 55 $^{\circ}\text{C},$ the temperature sensor switches the vehicle fan on.

Temperature reduction

The temperature reduction feature is only active when the vehicle is moving and with the heater switched on. The control stages are reached sooner and the controlling behaviour of the heater is adjusted to the lower thermal demand.

The temperature reduction is possible by connecting the plus wire (D+) to connector B1, terminal A2 of the heater (see page 29 - 40 for circuit diagram).

4 Operation and function



Control and safety devices

The heater is equipped with the following control and safety devices:

- If the heater does not ignite within 105 seconds after starting the fuel pump, the start is repeated. If the heater still does not ignite after another 75 seconds, the heater is switched off. After an unacceptable number of failed start attempts, the controller is locked.*
- If the flame goes off by itself during operation, the heater is restarted.
 If the heater does not ignite within 105 seconds after the fuel pump has started again, the heater is switched off.

This status can be remedied by briefly switching off and on again.

 In the case of overheating (e.g. lack of water, poorly vented coolant circuit), the overheating sensor triggers, the fuel supply is interrupted and the heat-

er

switched off.

Once the cause of overheating has been eliminated, the heater can be re-started by switching off and on again (on condition that the heater has cooled down again sufficiently, cooling water temperature <70 °C).

After the heater has been switched off for overheating an unacceptable number of times, the controller is locked.*

- The heater is switched off if the upper or lower voltage limit is reached.
- The heater does not start up when the glow plug is defect or when the electric lead to the dosing pump is interrupted.
- The speed of the fan motor is monitored continuously. If the fan motor does not start up, if it is blocked or if the speed falls below 40 % of the nominal speed, the heater is switched off after 60 sec.
- * The control box can be unlocked with testing equipment / a control unit. For the procedure and description for testing equipment and control units, see "Installation Instructions Plus – EasyStart/Altitude Kit / Special Functions and Diagnosis"

For operation and fault list, please refer to the enclosed operating instructions or the troubleshooting and repair instructions for the heater.

Please note!

Do not switch the heater off and on again more than twice.

Forced shut-down for ADR / ADR99 operation

In vehicles for the transport of dangerous goods (e.g. tanker trucks), the heater must be switched off before the truck drives into a danger area (refinery, fuel service station, etc.)

Failure to comply results in the heater switching off automatically when:

- · The vehicle engine is switched off.
- An additional unit is started up (e.g. auxiliary drive for unloading pump etc.).
- A vehicle door is opened (ADR99 regulation, only in France).

The fan then runs on for max. 40 seconds.

Emergency shutdown – EMERGENCY OFF

If an emergency shutdown – EMERGENCY OFF – is necessary during operation, proceed as follows:

- Switch the heater off with the control or
- pull the fuse out or
- disconnect the heater from the battery.

Heater wiring

The heater is to be connected up electrically according to the EMC directives.

Caution! Safety instructions for wiring the heater

EMC can be affected if the heater is not connected up correctly. For this reason, comply with the following instructions:

- Ensure that the insulation of electrical cables is not damaged. Avoid: chafing, kinking, jamming or exposure to heat.
- In waterproof connectors, seal any connector chambers not in use with filler plugs to ensure they are dirt- and water-proof.
- Electrical connections and ground connections must be free of corrosion and firmly connected.
- Lubricate connections and ground connections outside the heater interior with contact grease.

Please note!

Comply with the following when wiring the heater and the control element:

- Electrical leads, switchgear and controllers must be arranged in the vehicle so that they can function perfectly under normal operating conditions (e.g.heat exposure, moisture etc.).
- The following cable cross sections are to be used between the battery and heater. This ensures that the max. tolerable voltage loss in the cables does not exceed 0.5 V for 12 V or 1 V for 24 V rated voltage.

Cable cross sections for a cable length of:

- up to 5 m (plus cable + minus cable) = cable cross section 4 mm²
- from 5 to 8 m (plus cable + minus cable) = cable cross section 6 mm²
- If the plus cable is to be connected to the fuse box (e.g. terminal 30), the vehicle cable from the battery to the fuse box must be included in rating the overall cable length and possibly re-dimensioned if necessary.
- Insulate unused cable ends.

Parts list for circuit diagram, heater and cable harness - 12 volt / 24 volt / ADR

- -410 Control box -B1 Temperature sensor -B2 Overheating sensor -B5 Flame sensor -M1 Burner motor -M10 Water pump -R1 Glow plug -XB8/2 Bush housing, water pump а Interface, heater / cable harness -A30 Fuse holder. 3 pin -F1 Fuse, heater -F2 Fuse, control unit -F3 Fan relay fuse -K2 Battery main switch (operation, e.g. controlled via ignition lock) -S2 Battery isolating switch (emergency off function for ADR etc.) -XB4 -XS4 b Activation, vehicle fan Generator input D+ n Input, power take-off NA+ 0 Fan relay -K1 -K6 Relay, solenoid valve -RA1 Diode (Order No. 208 00 012) -XB1 Bush housing, heater signals -XB7 Relay block Relay block -XB7/1 -XB8/1 Bush housing, metering pump -Y1 Fuel metering pump а Interface, heater / cable harness С to the control unit f Switch cable S+ ADR feedback to the control unit i1 Activation, battery isolating switch (+) (Diode: Order No. 208 00 012) t Temperature drop (+) Solenoid valve, water circuit (Relay closes at V 68 °C and opens at 63 °C water temperature) Water pump external control W
- x Insulate cable and tie back

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.

Cable colours

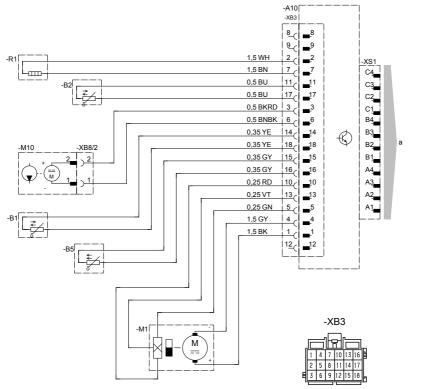
RD	red	GR	grey	BK	black
BU	blue	YE	yellow	GN	green
WH	white	VT	violet	BN	brown
OR	orange				





Heater circuit diagram

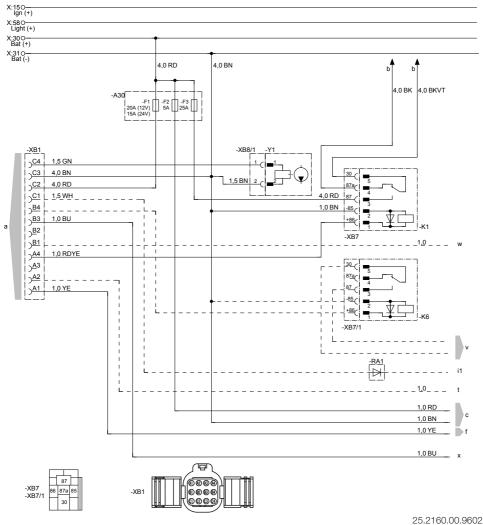
X:150			
X:580- Light (+)			
X:300			
X:310- Bat (-)			



25.2160.00.9603

5 Electrical system

Cable harness circuit diagram

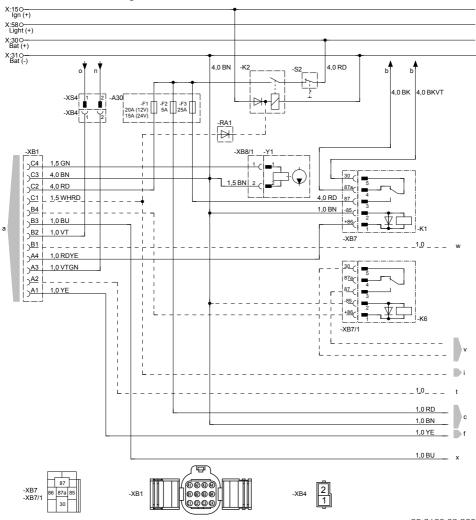


Parts list page 28





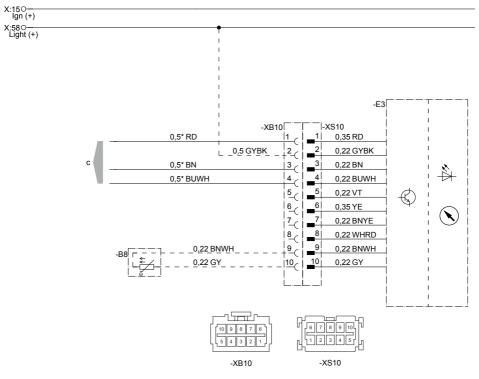
Cable harness circuit diagram - ADR



25.2160.00.9601

31

Circuit diagram - EasyStart Timer



22.1000.34.9701

- -E3 EasyStart Timer
- -B8 Room temperature sensor (optional)
- c to the cable harness

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.

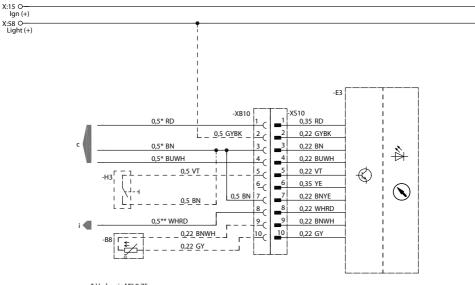


Further circuit diagrams for the EasyStart Timer are printed in the Installation Instructions Plus, these are available to view and download from the Service Portal.





Circuit diagram – EasyStart Timer-ADR



* Hydronic MII 0,75 ** Hydronic MII 1,5

22.1000.34.9710

- -E3 EasyStart Timer
- -B8 Room temperature sensor (optional)
- -H3 EasyStart Timer button
- c to the cable harness
- i ADR feedback from the heater

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.

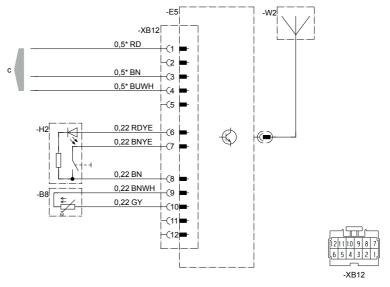


Further circuit diagrams for the EasyStart Timer are printed in the Installation Instructions Plus, these are available to view and download from the Service Portal.

5 Electrical system

Circuit diagram - EasyStart Remote+





22 1000 34 9722

- -B8 Room temperature sensor
- -E5 Stationary unit, EasyStart Remote+
- -H2 Button
- -W2 Antenna
- c to the cable harness

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.

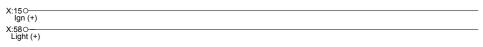


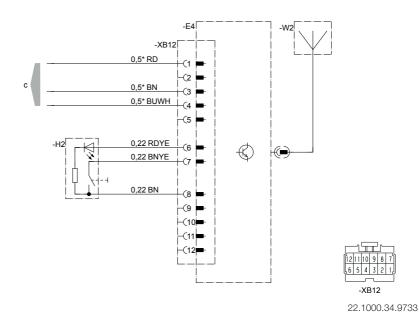
Further circuit diagrams for the EasyStart Remote⁺ are printed in the Installation Instructions Plus, these are available to view and download from the Service Portal.





Circuit diagram – EasyStart Remote





-E4 Stationary unit EasyStart Remote

- -H2 Button
- -W2 Antenna
- c to the cable harness

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.

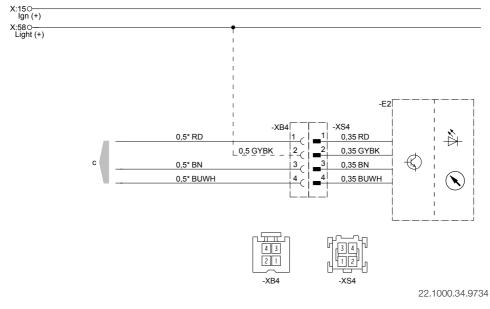


Note

Further circuit diagrams for the EasyStart Remote are printed in the Installation Instructions Plus, these are available to view and download from the Service Portal.

Electrical system 5

Circuit diagram - EasyStart Select



-E2 EasyStart Select

to the cable harness С

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.

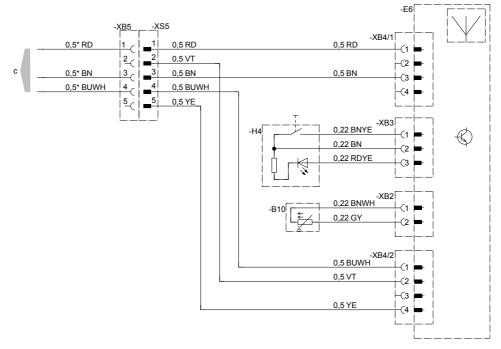


Note

Further circuit diagrams for the EasyStart Select are printed in the Installation Instructions Plus, these are available to view and download from the Service Portal.



Circuit diagram - EasyStart Web



22.1000.34.9719

- -B10 Room temperature sensor
- -E6 EasyStart Web
- -H4 Button
- to the cable harness С

Connectors and bush housings are shown from the cable inlet side.



Note

Further circuit diagrams for the EasyStart Web are printed in the Installation Instructions Plus, these are available to view and download from the Service Portal.

In case of faults, please check the following points

- If the heater does not start after being switched on: - Switch the heater off and on again.
- If the heater still does not start, check whether:
 - There is fuel in the tank?
 - The fuses are OK?
 - The electrical cables, connections etc. are OK?
 - Anything is clogging the combustion air supply or exhaust system?
- Check the openings of the combustion air supply and exhaust system after longer standstill periods, clean if necessary!

Troubleshooting

If the heater remains faulty even after these points have been checked, or another malfunction occurs in your heater, please contact:

- For installation ex works, your contract workshop.
- For subsequent installation, the workshop who installed your heater.

Please note!

Please note that warranty claims can be become void if the heater is changed by a third party or by this installation of third party parts.

Maintenance instructions

- Switch the heater on once a month for about 10 minutes, even outside the heating period.
- Before the heating period starts, the heater should undergo a trial run.

If persistent extreme smoke develops, unusual burning noises or a clear fuel smell can be perceived or if electric / electronic parts heat up, the heater must be switched off and put out of service by removing the fuse.

In this case, the heater should not be started up again until it has been checked by qualified staff who have been trained on Eberspächer heaters.

Service

Technical Support

If you have any technical questions or problems with the heater, the control unit or the operating software, please contact the following service address: support-UK@eberspaecher.com



Environment



Certification

The high quality of Eberspächer's products is the key to our success.

To guarantee this quality, we have organised all work processes in the company along the lines of quality management (QM).

Even so, we still pursue a large number of activities for continuous improvement of product quality in order to keep pace with the similarly constantly growing requirements made by our customers.

All the steps necessary for quality assurance are stipulated in international standards.

This quality is to be considered in a total sense. It affects products, procedures and customer/supplier relationships.

Officially approved public experts assess the system and the corresponding certification company awards a certificate.

Eberspächer Climate Control Systems GmbH & Co. KG has already qualified for the following standards:

Quality management as per ISO TS 9001:2015 and IATF 16949:2016

Environment management system as per ISO 14001:2015

Disposal

Disposal of materials

Old devices, defect components and packaging material can all be separated and sorted into puregrade factions so that all parts can be disposed of as required in an environment-friendly manner or recycled where applicable.

Electric motors, controllers and sensors (e.g. temperature sensors) are deemed to be "electronic scrap".

Dismantling the heater

The heater is dismantled according to the repair stages in the current troubleshooting / repair instructions.

Packaging

The packaging of the heater can be kept in case it has to be sent back.

EU Declaration of Conformity

We herewith declare that the version of the heater placed on the market by us conforms to the applicable provisions of the following EU Directive.

EU Directive 2014/30/EU

CE

The full Declaration of Conformity can be viewed and downloaded from the download centre under www.eberspaecher.com

List of abbreviations

ADR

European agreement about the international transport of dangerous goods on the road.

ADR99

Dangerous goods regulations for France.

EC type approval

Permit awarded by the Federal Vehicle Office for the production of a heater for installation in motorised vehicles.

EMC directive

Electromagnetic compatibility.

JE partner

Eberspächer partner.

FAME

Biodiesel as per DIN EN 14 214



